WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2017 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2826

FISCAL NOTE

By Delegate Walters

[Introduced March 8, 2017; Referred to the Committee on Health and Human Resources then Finance.]

A BILL to repeal §16-29G-1, §16-29G-2, §16-29G-3, §16-29G-4, §16-29G-5, §16-29G-6, §16-29G-7 and §16-29G-8 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §16-3C-1 and §16-3C-3 of said code, all relating to eliminating provisions and repealing statutes related to the West Virginia Health Information Network and health information exchanges.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §16-29G-1, §16-29G-2, §16-29G-3, §16-29G-4, §16-29G-5, §16-29G-6, §16-29G-7 and §16-29G-8 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be repealed; and that §16-3C-1 and §16-3C-3 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3C. AIDS-RELATED MEDICAL TESTING AND RECORDS CONFIDENTIALITY ACT.

§16-3C-1. Definitions.

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- 1 When used in this article:
- 2 (a) "AIDS" means acquired immunodeficiency syndrome.
- 3 (b) "Bureau" means the Bureau for Public Health.
- 4 (c) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health.
- (d) "Convicted" includes pleas of guilty and pleas of nolo contendere accepted by the court
 having jurisdiction of the criminal prosecution, a finding of guilty following a jury trial or a trial to a
 court and an adjudicated juvenile offender as defined in sections two and four, article one, chapter
 forty-nine of this code.
 - (e) "Department" means the State Department of Health and Human Resources.
- (f) "Funeral director" has the same meaning ascribed to such term in section three, articlesix, chapter thirty of this code.
- (g) "Funeral establishment" has the same meaning ascribed to that term in section three,article six, chapter thirty of this code.

(h) "HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus identified as the causative agent of AIDS.

- (i) "HIV-related test" means a test for the HIV antibody or antigen or any future valid test approved by the bureau, the federal drug administration or the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- (j) "Health facility" means a hospital, nursing home, physician's office, clinic, blood bank, blood center, sperm bank, laboratory or other health care institution.
- (k) "Health care provider" means any physician, dentist, nurse, paramedic, psychologist or other person providing medical, dental, nursing, psychological or other health care services of any kind.
- (I) "Health Information Exchange" means the electronic movement of health-related information in accord with law and nationally recognized standards
- (m) (l) "High risk behavior" means behavior by a person including, but not limited to: (i) Unprotected sex with a person who is living with HIV; (ii) unprotected sex in exchange for money or drugs; (iii) unprotected sex with multiple partners; (iv) anonymous unprotected sex; (v) or needle sharing; (vi) diagnosis of a sexually transmitted disease; or (vii) unprotected sex or sharing injecting equipment in a high HIV prevalence setting or with a person who is living with HIV.
- (n) (m) "Medical or emergency responders" means paid or volunteer firefighters, law-enforcement officers, emergency medical technicians, paramedics, or other emergency service personnel, providers or entities acting within the usual course of their duties; good samaritans and other nonmedical and nonemergency personnel providing assistance in emergencies; funeral directors; health care providers; Commissioner of the Bureau for Public Health; and all employees thereof and volunteers associated therewith.
- (e) (n) "Patient" or "test subject" or "subject of the test" means the person upon whom a HIV test is performed, or the person who has legal authority to make health care decisions for the test subject.

(p) (o) "Permitted purpose" is a disclosure permitted by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 as amended, or a disclosure consented to or authorized by a patient or test subject.

- (q) (p) "Person" includes any natural person, partnership, association, joint venture, trust, public or private corporation or health facility.
- (r) (q) "Release of test results" means a permitted or authorized disclosure of HIV-related test results.
 - (s) (r) "Significant exposure" means:

- (1) Exposure to blood or body fluids through needlestick, instruments, sharps, surgery or traumatic events; or
- (2) Exposure of mucous membranes to visible blood or body fluids, to which universal precautions apply according to the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and laboratory specimens that contain HIV (e.g. suspensions of concentrated virus); or
- (3) Exposure of skin to visible blood or body fluids, when the exposed skin is chapped, abraded or afflicted with dermatitis or the contact is prolonged or involving an extensive area.
- (t) (s) "Source patient" means any person whose body fluids have been the source of a significant exposure to a medical or emergency responder.
- (u) (t) "Targeted testing" means performing an HIV-related test for sub-populations at higher risk, typically defined on the basis of behavior, clinical or demographic characteristics.
- (v) (u) "Victim" means the person or persons to whom transmission of bodily fluids from the perpetrator of the crimes of sexual abuse, sexual assault, incest or sexual molestation occurred or was likely to have occurred in the commission of such crimes.

§16-3C-3. Confidentiality of records; permitted disclosure; no duty to notify.

(a) No person may disclose or be compelled to disclose the identity of any person upon whom an HIV-related test is performed, or the results of such a test in a manner which permits identification of the subject of the test, except to the following persons:

The subject of the test;

- (2) The victim of the crimes of sexual abuse, sexual assault, incest or sexual molestation at the request of the victim or the victim's legal guardian, or of the parent or legal guardian of the victim if the victim is a minor where disclosure of the HIV-related test results of the convicted sex offender are requested;
- (3) Any person who secures a specific release of test results executed by the subject of the test;
- (4) A funeral director or an authorized agent or employee of a health facility or health care provider if the funeral establishment, health facility or health care provider itself is authorized to obtain the test results, the agent or employee provides patient care or handles or processes specimens of body fluids or tissues and the agent or employee has a need to know that information: *Provided*, That the funeral director, agent or employee shall maintain the confidentiality of this information;
- (5) Licensed health care providers or appropriate health facility personnel providing care to the subject of the test: *Provided*, That such personnel shall maintain the confidentiality of the test results and may redisclose the results only for a permitted purpose or as permitted by law. The entry on a patient's chart of an HIV-related illness by the attending or other treating physician or other health care provider shall not constitute a breach of confidentiality requirements imposed by this article;
- (6) The Bureau or the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the United States Public Health Service in accordance with reporting requirements for HIV and a diagnosed case of AIDS, or a related condition;
- (7) A health facility or health care provider which procures, processes, distributes or uses:

 (A) A human body part from a deceased person with respect to medical information regarding that person; (B) semen provided prior to the effective date of this article for the purpose of artificial insemination; (C) blood or blood products for transfusion or injection; or (D) human body parts for

transplant with respect to medical information regarding the donor or recipient;

(8) Health facility staff committees or accreditation or oversight review organizations which are conducting program monitoring, program evaluation or service reviews so long as any identity remains anonymous;

- (9) Claims management personnel employed by or associated with an insurer, health care service contractor, health maintenance organization, self-funded health plan, state-administered health care claims payer or any other payer of health care claims, where the disclosure is to be used solely for the prompt and accurate evaluation and payment of medical or related claims. Information released under this subsection is confidential and may not be released or available to persons who are not involved in handling or determining medical claims payment;
- (10) Persons, health care providers or health facilities engaging in or providing for the exchange of protected health information among the same in order to provide health care services to the patient, including, but not limited to, disclosure through a health information exchange, disclosure and exchange within health care facilities, and disclosure for a permitted purpose, including disclosure to a legally authorized public health authority; and
- (11) A person allowed access to the record by a court order that is issued in compliance with the following provisions:
- (i) No court of this state may issue the order unless the court finds that the person seeking the test results has demonstrated a compelling need for the test results which cannot be accommodated by other means. In assessing compelling need, the court shall weigh the need for disclosure against the privacy interest of the test subject and the public interest;
- (ii) Pleadings pertaining to disclosure of test results shall substitute a pseudonym for the true name of the test subject of the test. The disclosure to the parties of the test subject's true name shall be communicated confidentially in documents not filed with the court;
- (iii) Before granting any such order, the court shall, if possible, provide the individual whose test result is in question with notice and a reasonable opportunity to participate in the proceedings

if he or she is not already a party;

(iv) Court proceedings as to disclosure of test results shall be conducted in camera unless the subject of the test agrees to a hearing in open court or unless the court determines that the public hearing is necessary to the public interest and the proper administration of justice; and

- (v) Upon the issuance of an order to disclose test results, the court shall impose appropriate safeguards against unauthorized disclosure, which shall specify the person who may have access to the information, the purposes for which the information may be used and appropriate prohibitions on future disclosure.
- (b) No person to whom the results of an HIV-related test have been disclosed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may disclose the test results to another person except as authorized by said subsection.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions set forth in subsections (a) through (c) of this section, the use of HIV test results to inform individuals named or identified as spouses, sex partners or contacts, or persons who have shared needles that they may be at risk of having acquired the HIV infection as a result of possible exchange of body fluids, is permitted: *Provided*, That the bureau shall make a good faith effort to inform spouses, sex partners, contacts or persons who have shared needles that they may be at risk of having acquired the HIV infection as a result of possible exchange of body fluids: *Provided*, *however*, That the bureau has no notification obligations when the bureau determines that there has been no likely exposure of these persons to HIV from the infected test subject within the ten-year period immediately prior to the diagnosis of the infection. The name or identity of the person whose HIV test result was positive is to remain confidential. Spouses, contacts, or sex partners or persons who have shared needles may be tested anonymously at the state bureau for public health's designated test sites, or at their own expense by a health care provider or an approved laboratory of their choice confidentially should the test be positive. A cause of action may not arise against the bureau, a physician or other health care provider from any such notification.

(d) There is no duty on the part of the physician or health care provider to notify the spouse or other sexual partner of, or persons who have shared needles with, an infected individual of their HIV infection and a cause of action may not arise from any failure to make such notification. However, if contact is not made, the bureau will be so notified.

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NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to eliminate provisions and repeal statutes related to the West Virginia Health Information Network and health information exchanges.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.